Dietary Choline for Transition Cows and Calves - An Update

November 2018

Balchem Corporation Acknowledgements to: Marcos Zenobi, Jose Santos, Charles Staples Department of Animal Sciences University of Florida





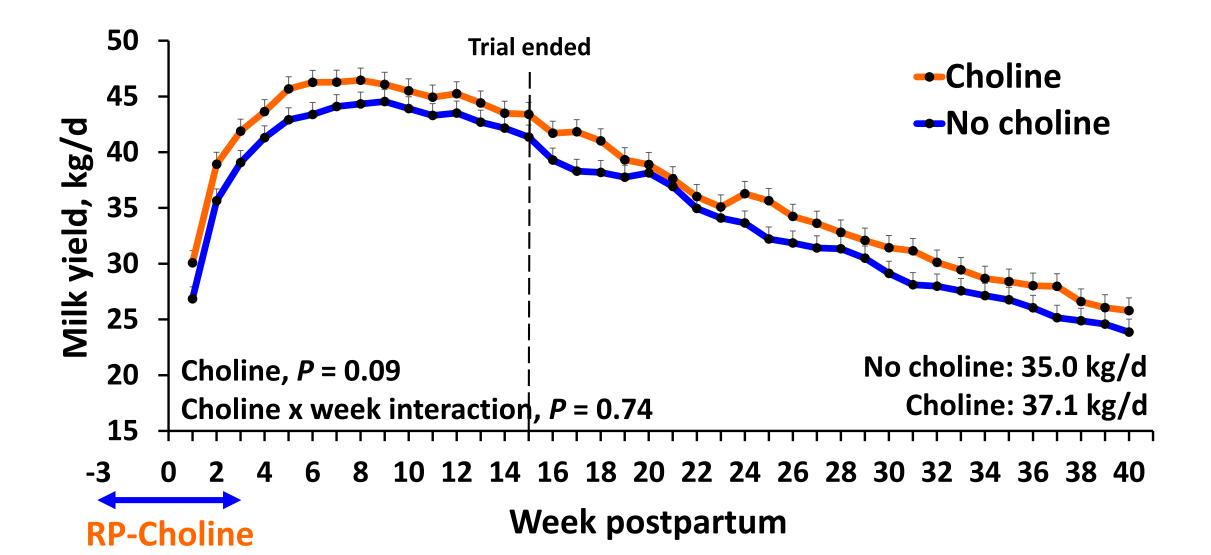
J. Dairy Sci. 101:1–23 https://doi.org/10.3168/jds.2017-13327 © American Dairy Science Association[®], 2018.

Effects of supplementation with ruminally protected choline on performance of multiparous Holstein cows did not depend upon prepartum caloric intake

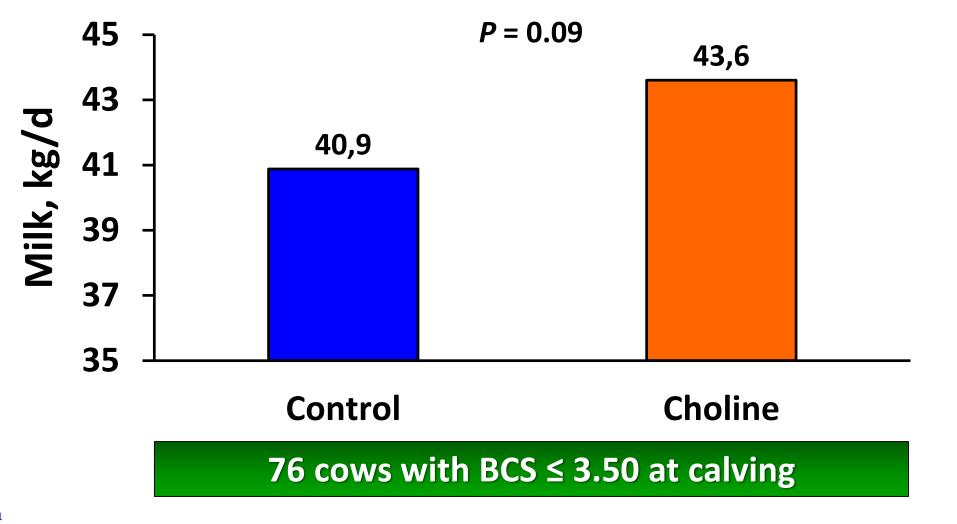
M. G. Zenobi, R. Gardinal,¹ J. E. Zuniga,² A. L. G. Dias,³ C. D. Nelson, J. P. Driver, B. A. Barton,⁴ J. E. P. Santos, and C. R. Staples⁵ Department of Animal Sciences, University of Florida, Gainesville 32611



Positive benefits of ReaShure continued after supplementation ceased



ReaShure Increased Milk Yield (from 1 to 105 DIM) in Cows at Recommended Body Condition



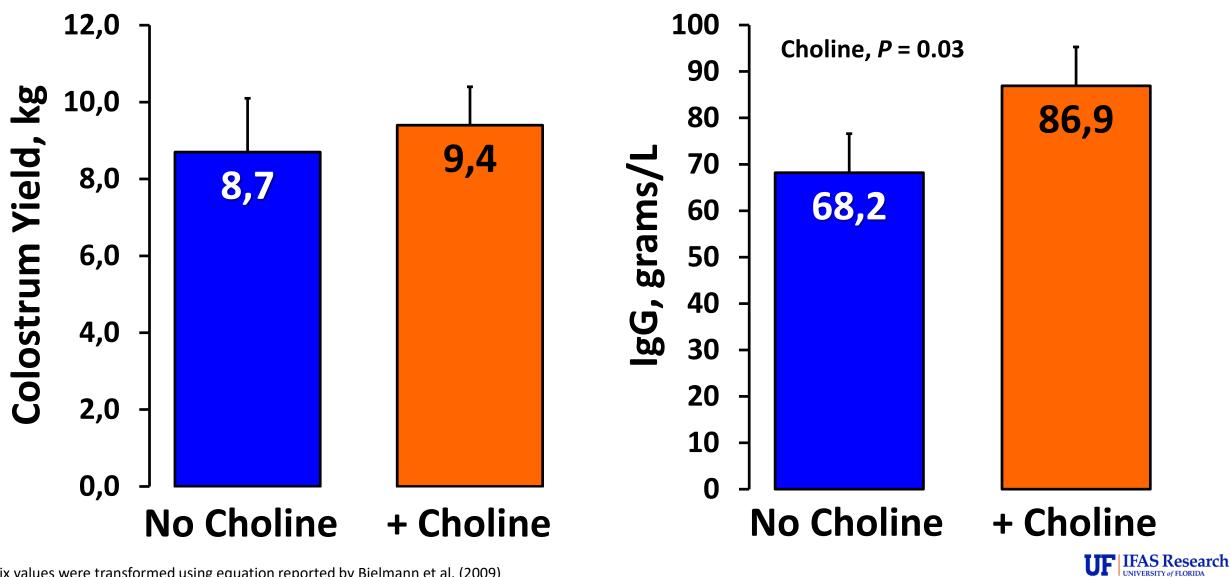


Conclusions

The response (milk yield) to dietary choline by the multiparous Holstein cow is most evident when supplemented during late pregnancy and early lactation.

- Similar results to previous trial were ...
 - The effect of RPC supplementation on milk yield persisted beyond 21 d
 - Cows in in BCS ≤ 3.5 respond to RP-Choline
 - Less Subclinical hypocalcemia in RP-Choline fed cows

Colostrum Yield and Score (brix)¹



¹ Brix values were transformed using equation reported by Bielmann et al. (2009)

Prenatal Choline Supplementation Improved Health and Growth of Neonatal Holstein Calves

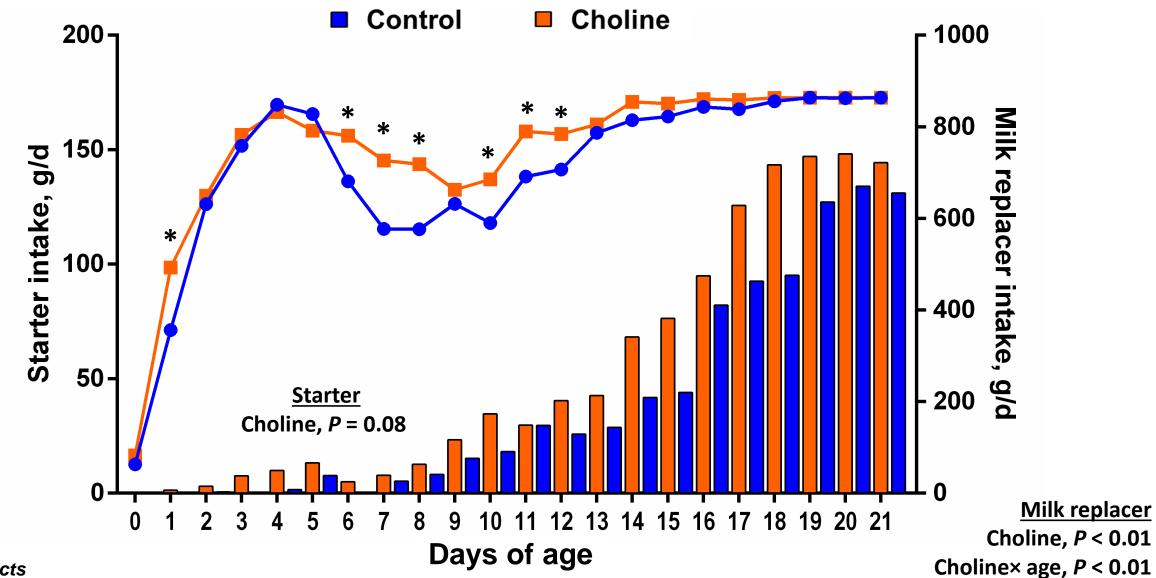
M.G. Zenobi*, J.M. Bollatti, N.A. Artusso, A.M. Lopez, B.A. Barton, J.E.P. Santos, and C.R. Staples

> ADSA 2018 Abstract # 274



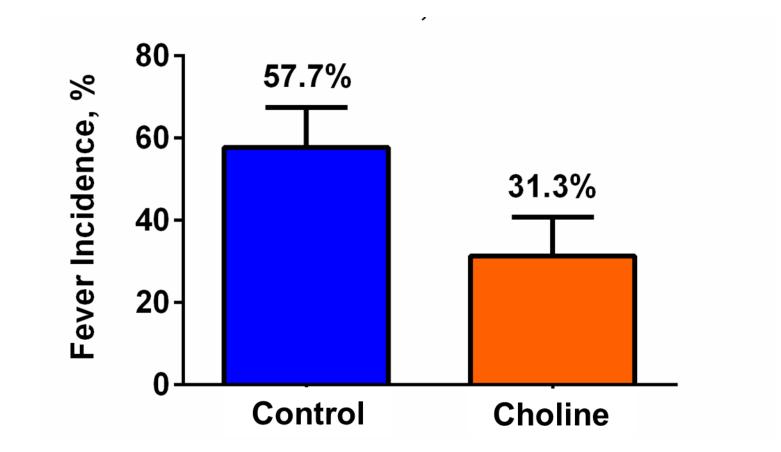


Late Gestation Exposure to ReaShure Increased DMI of Milk Replacer and Starter During the First 21 d of Age of Heifers

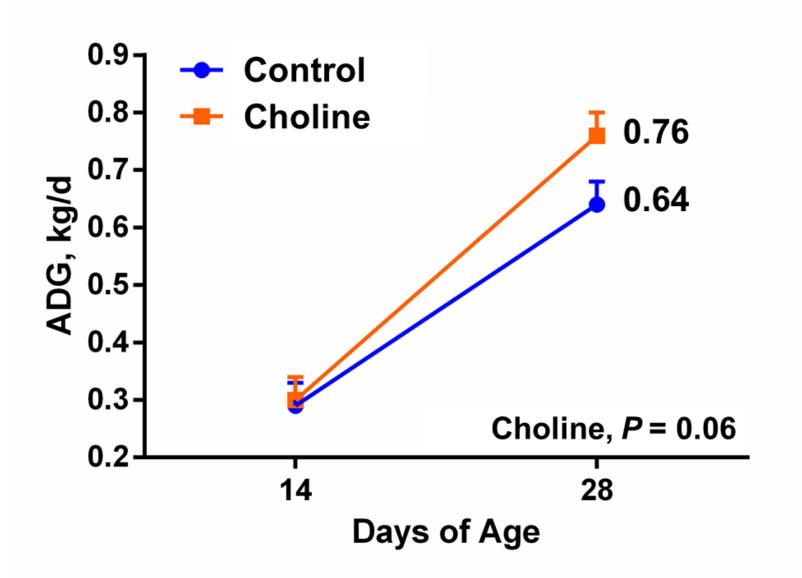


Late Gestation Exposure to ReaShure Decreased Incidence of Fever During the First 21 d of Age of Holstein Heifers

Choline, *P* = 0.07



Late Gestation Exposure to ReaShure Increased ADG at 28 d



Effect of Transition Feeding of ReaShure on Growth of Replacement Heifers

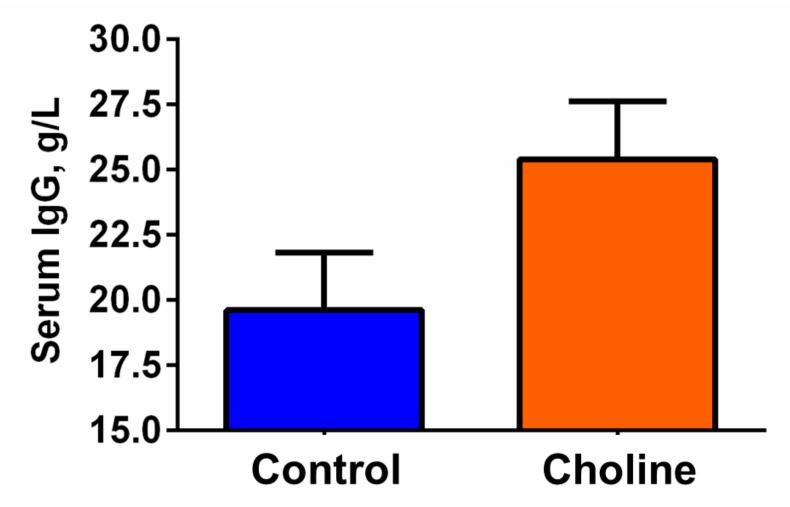
Age	Control	Choline	SEM
	n = 23	n = 23	
Birth, kg	42.0	40.7	1.6
56 d of age, kg	73.2	73.6	2.0
300 d of age, kg	274	286	5.5

*Effect of choline, *P* < 0.10.

Average daily gain from weaning to yearlings: No choline: 0.83 kg per day Choline: 0.87 kg per day *

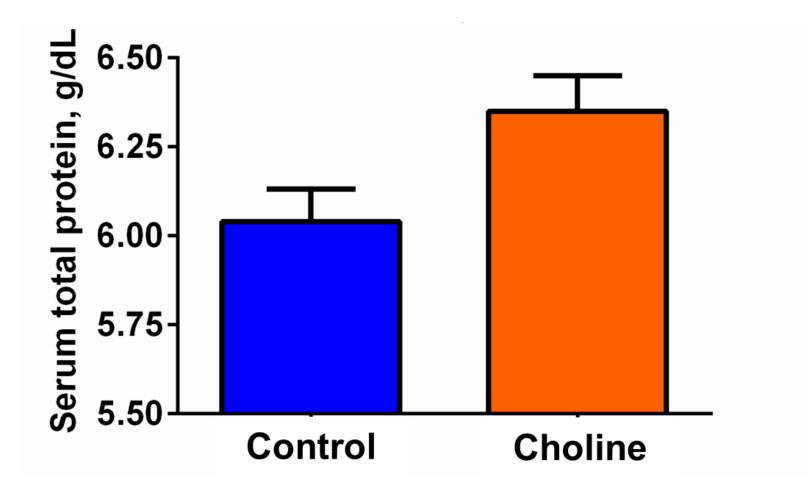
Serum IgG

Choline, *P* < 0.01



Serum Total Protein

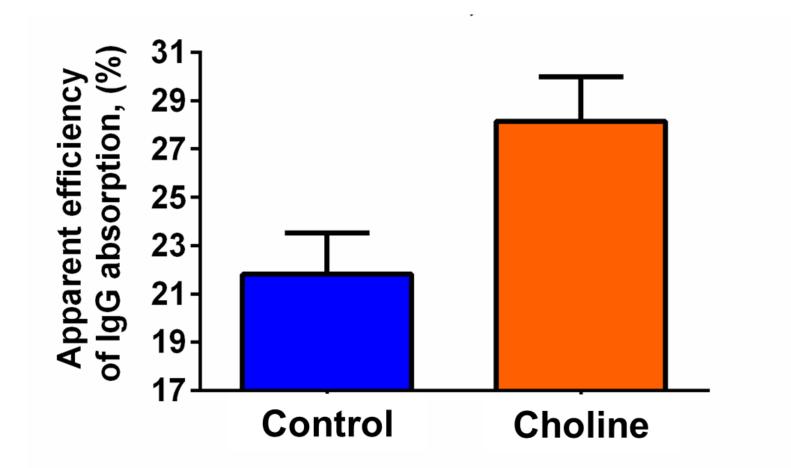
Choline, *P* = 0.02



Colostrum effects

Apparent Efficiency of IgG Absorption (n = 59)

Choline, *P* = 0.01



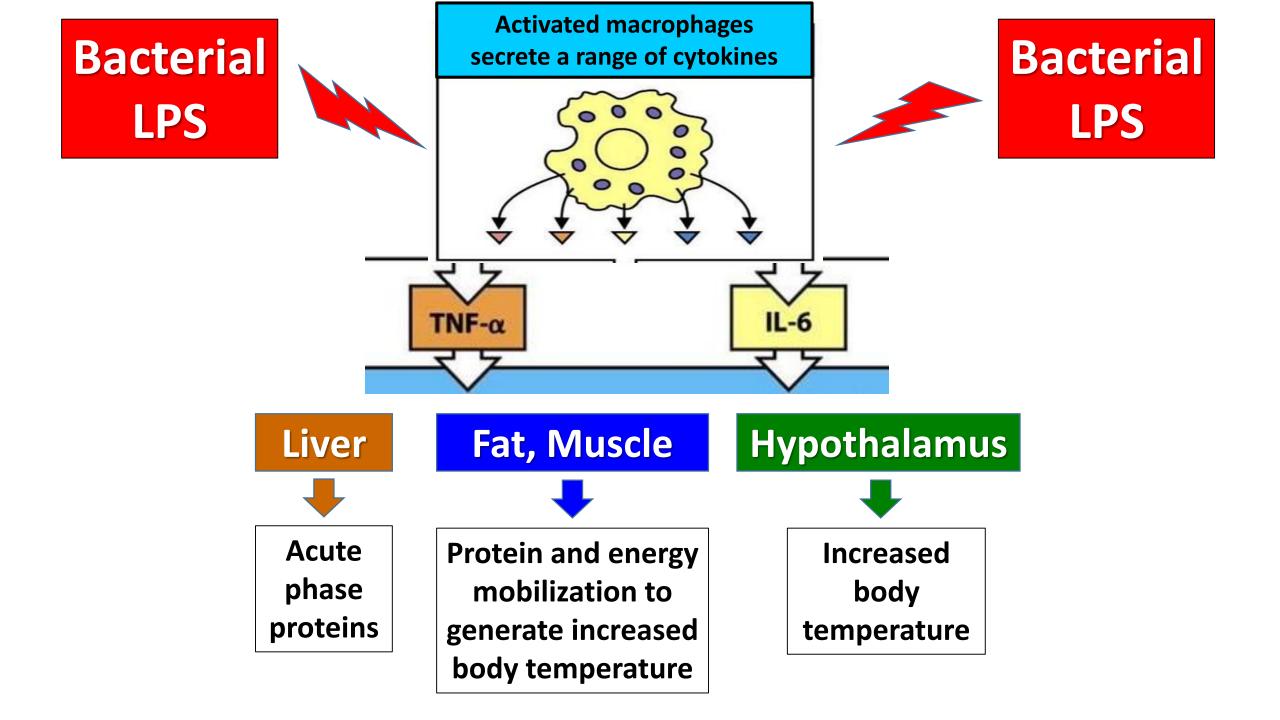
Prenatal choline supplementation modulated LPS-induced inflammatory responses of neonatal Holstein calves

M.G. Zenobi*, J.M. Bollatti, N.A. Artusso, A.M. Lopez, F.P. Maunsell, B.A. Barton, J.E.P. Santos, and C.R. Staples

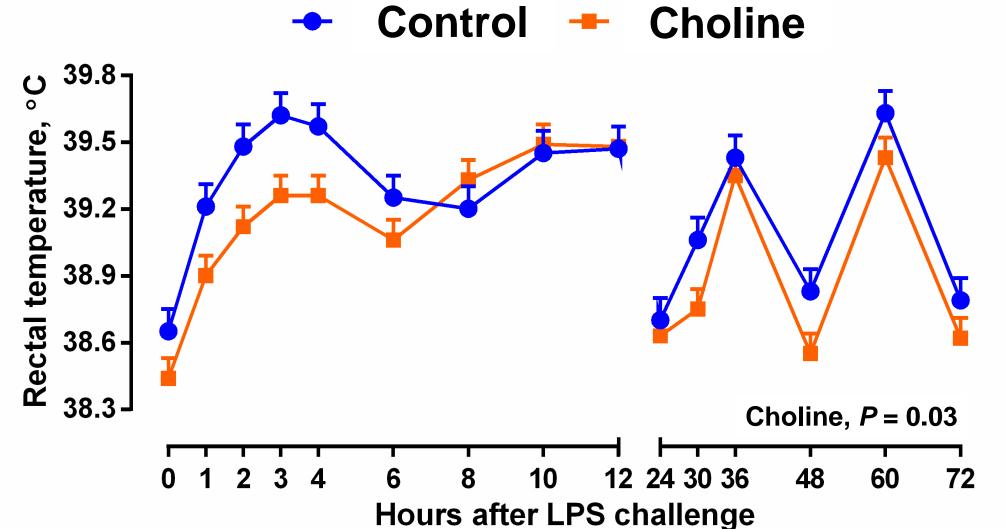
> ADSA 2018 Late-Breaking Original Research # LB5





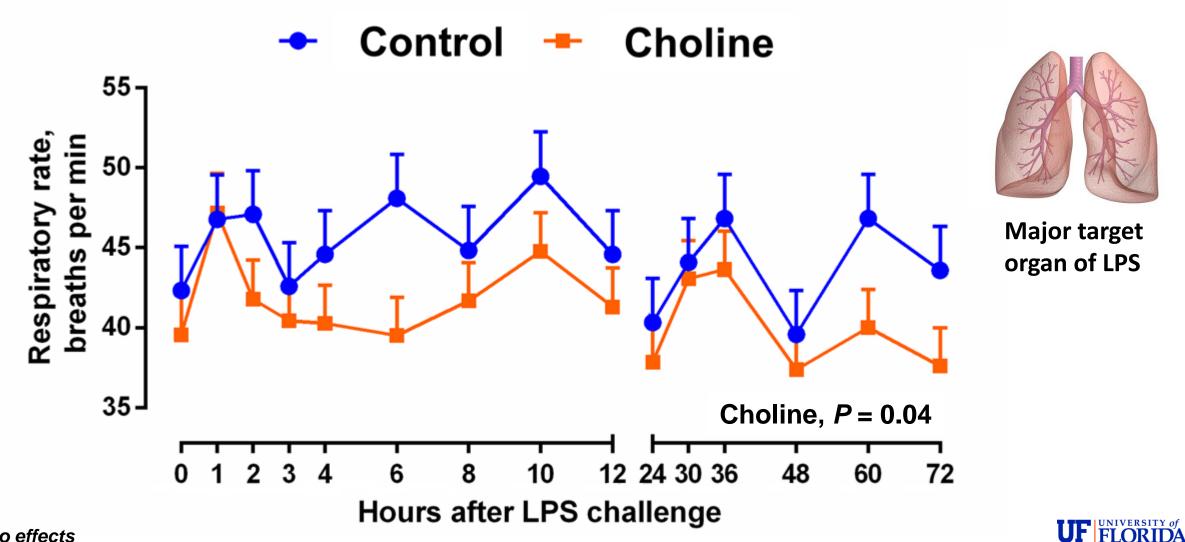


Rectal Temperature Response to LPS of Calves Born From Dams Fed ReaShure

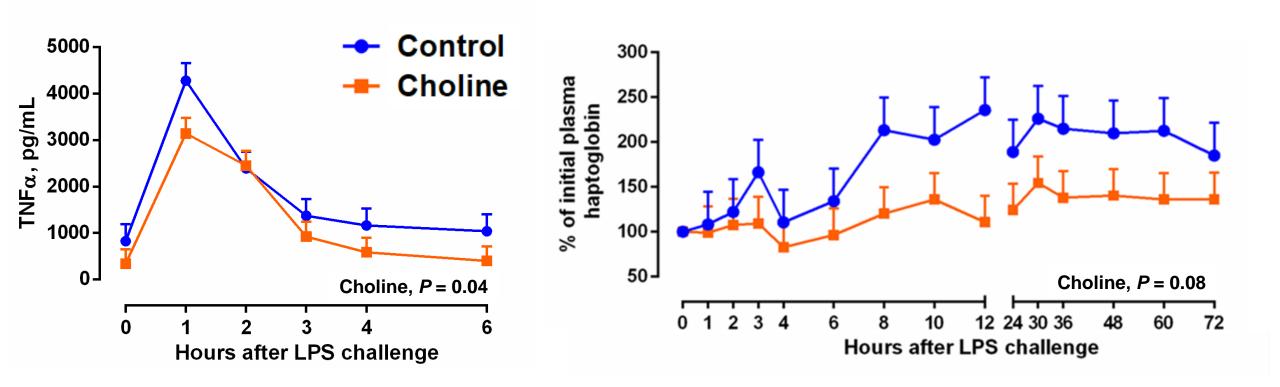




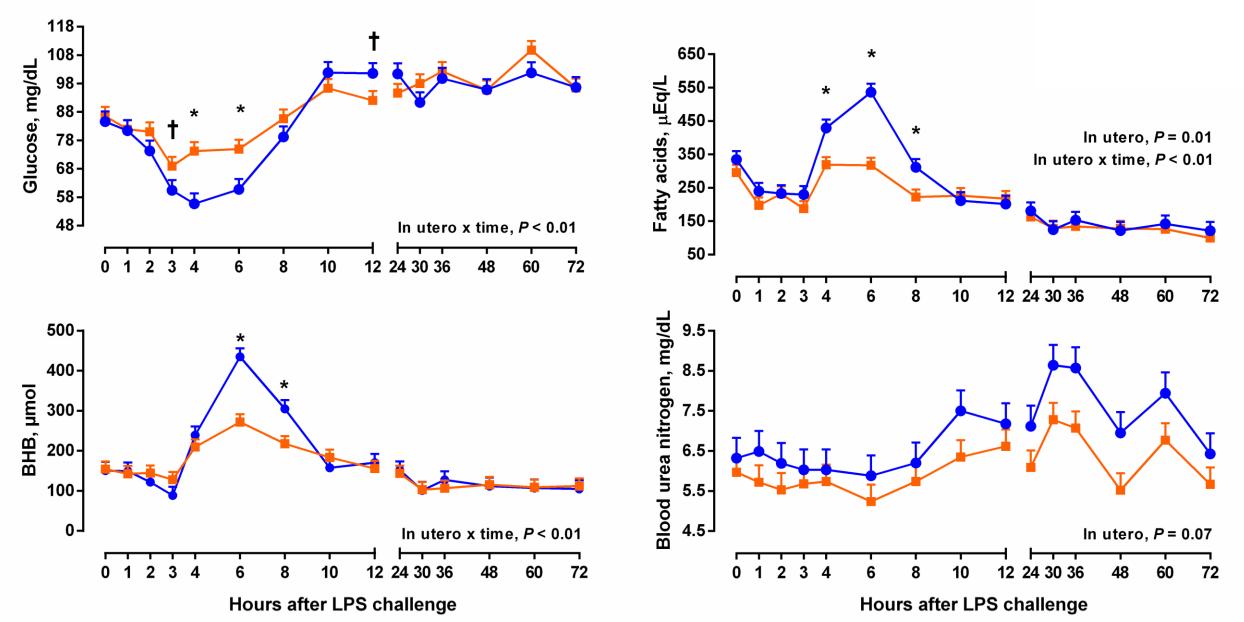
Respiratory Responses to LPS of Calves Born From Dams Fed ReaShure



Tumor Necrosis Factor-α and Interleukin-6 Responses to LPS of Bulls Born From Dams Fed ReaShure

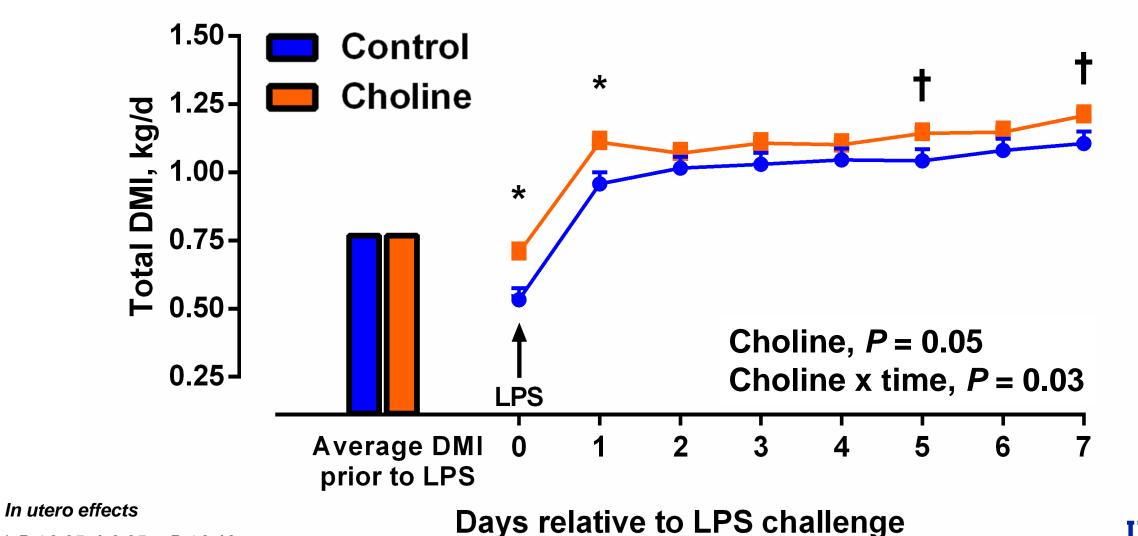


Control (- In utero)
Choline (+ In utero)



* $P \le 0.05$, † 0.05 > $P \le 0.10$

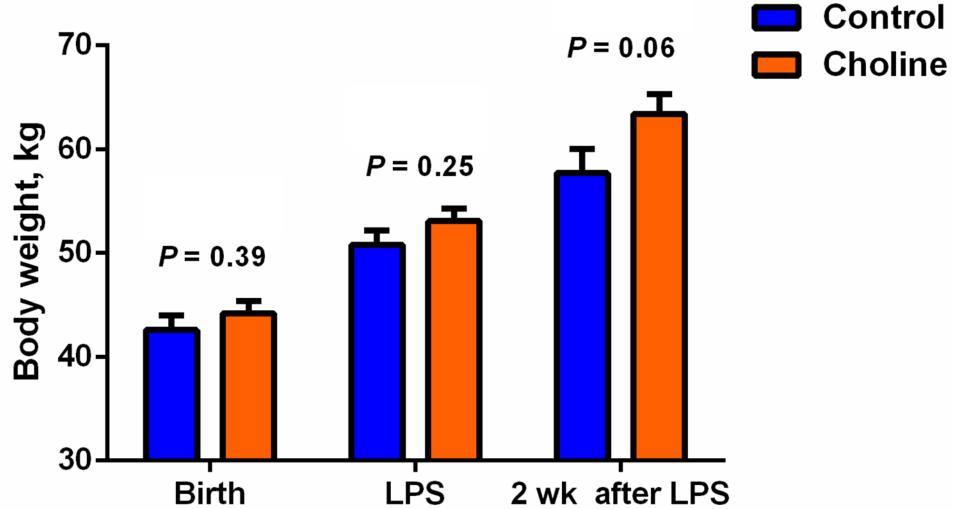
Greater DMI after LPS administration for Calves Born From Dams Fed ReaShure



* $P \le 0.05, \pm 0.05 > P \le 0.10$

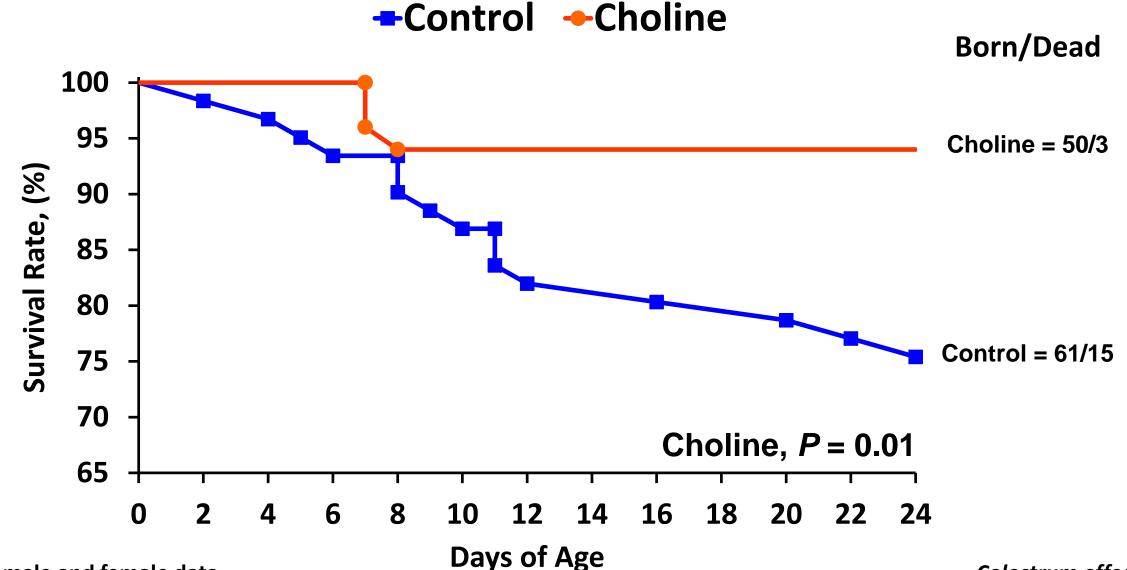
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Body Weight After LPS Administration of Calves Born From Dams Fed ReaShure





Survival Curve using Bulls and Heifers Data



Combining male and female data

Colostrum effects

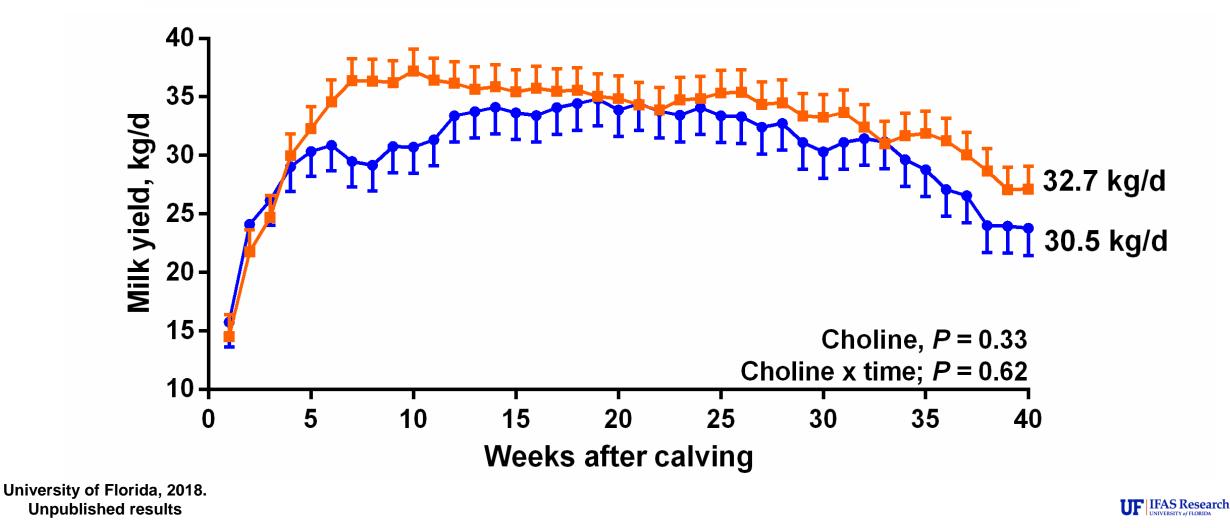
Effect of Prepartum Feeding of ReaShure on Growth of Replacement Heifers

Age	No Choline	+ Choline	SEM	
	n = 17	n = 18		
Birth, kg	40.4	38.3*	0.9	
2 months (weaning), kg	76.7	77.4	1.8	
12 months, kg	322	335**	5	
Post-calving, kg	534	570**	16	
*Effect of choline, <i>P</i> < 0.10. **Effect of choline, <i>P</i> ≤ 0.05.	No choli	Average daily gain from weaning to yearling No choline: 0.85 kg per day		
i at al 2019 Daim, Cai 101,1099	Cholin	e: 0.89 kg per da	ay**	

Zenobi et al., 2018. J. Dairy Sci. 101:1088.

Milk Yield of Primiparous Cows Exposed to ReaShure *in Utero*

--- Choline (+ in utero) --- Control (- in utero)



Heat stress in utero has the following effects on the calf (Dahl)

- Decreased birth weight
- Greater incidence of Failure of Passive Transfer Poorer immune function
- Poorer feed efficiency
- Decreased milk production (~ 11 lbs/d) during first lactation

"In utero programming"